

“Ben Reitman and the Hobo College of Chicago”

By Erick Azarte

Senior Individual Documentary

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Bibliography

Primary Sources

Newspapers

1924. "HOBOS, WARNED HOME IS PERILED, CHASE REITMAN: He's Diplomatic, but They Rush Him." Log in - ProQuest- ProQuest. Tribune Publishing Company. Web. 15 Feb. 2012. <<http://search.proquest.com/docview/180512206?accountid=135622>>.

The newspaper provided visual text of evidence which can be used in the documentary. It also explains what problem the college was having during that time

1942. "DR. BEN REITMAN DEAD; FOUNDER OF HOBO COLLEGE: Colorful Radical Long Aid of Emma Goldman." Log in - ProQuest- ProQuest. Tribune Publishing Company. Web. 14 Feb. 2012. <<http://search.proquest.com/docview/176800981?accountid=135622>>.

This source provided details on the death of the hobo king known as Ben Reitman (background information).

1942. "DR. BEN REITMAN WILLS \$250 MEAL TO HOBO FRIENDS: Unique Document Pays Tribute to Mother." Log in - ProQuest- ProQuest. Tribune Publishing Company. Web. 15 Feb. 2012. <<http://search.proquest.com/docview/176863879?accountid=135622>>.

This source provided a primary visual of the hobo banquet in a newspaper and exclusive information/details on the hobo banquet

"A REBEL OF MANY CAUSES - New York Times." The New York Times - Breaking News, World News & Multimedia. Web. 19 Jan. 2012.

<<http://www.nytimes.com/1987/02/01/books/a-rebel-of-many-causes.html>>.

This source is from the New York Times and provides information on Ben Reitman's childhood which consisted of hoboism.

Editorial. St. Petersburg Times [Chicago, Illinois] 22 Mar. 1926: 2. Google. Google. Web. 5 Mar. 2012.

<<http://news.google.com/newspapers?nid=888&dat=19260322&id=LxdPAAAAIBAJ&sjid=kUwDAAAIBAJ&pg=4548,5255172>>.

This is another primary source that also that about the graduating class of 1926 for the hobo college. The reason this date is so important is because it the official first graduating class of the hobo college. The sources also able to provide me with a visual that can be put in my documentary

"Herald-Journal." Editorial. The Spartanburg Herald 22 Mar. 1926: 2. Google.com. Google. Web. 3 Mar. 2012.

<<http://news.google.com/newspapers?nid=1876&dat=19260322&id=njcsAAAAIBAJ&sjid=WsoEAAAAIBAJ&pg=4008,7087816>>.

this primary sources was a newspaper article that gave information on the graduating class of students at the Hobo College for the class of 1926. Used as a visual in the documentary

Websites

Akins, Aaron. "James Eads How - "Millionaire Hobo"" Silogic.com. 27 Aug. 2009. Web. 29 Apr. 2012. <<http://www.silogic.com/peden/James%20Eads%20How.html>>.

This source Provided with a newspaper article, which was used as an image for my documentary, about the death of "Millionaire Hobo" James Eads How who was one the College's main contributor.

"A REBEL OF MANY CAUSES - New York Times." The New York Times - Breaking News, World News & Multimedia. Web. 19 Jan. 2012.

<<http://www.nytimes.com/1987/02/01/books/a-rebel-of-many-causes.html>>.

This primary source of a newspaper article is from the New York Times and provides information on Ben Reitman's childhood which consisted of hoboism

"American Experience, Emma Goldman, People & Events, PBS." PBS: Public Broadcasting Service. 15 Nov. 2011. <http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/amex/goldman/peopleevents/p_reitman.html>.

This source provided information behind Ben Reitman and who he was. This website also provided several images of images of Reitman used in the documentary

DiVecchio, Mark. 27 Aug. 2009. Web. 4 Dec. 2012.

<<http://www.silogic.com/peden/James%20Eads%20How.html>>.

This website provided two newspaper articles about James Eads How, the man who began the whole Hobo College project.

"Hobo College." Encyclopedia of Chicago. Web. 20 Nov. 2011.

<<http://encyclopedia.chicagohistory.org/pages/589.html>>.

This provided basic information on the hobo college such as where it was located and when it was founded. The website also provided an image of the Hobo College during a class

Archives

Is a Revolution Necessary to Solve Unemployment Problems by Ben Reitman? Folder 8. Box 1. (University of Illinois at Chicago special collections). This source came from a part of this Booklet called Earth. In it was something Ben Reitman wrote talking about what can be done to solve unemployment problems. Not only did this sources show me some of Reitman's plans but also provided me with a visual I used in the documentary.

Ben L. Reitman medical card. Folder 50. Box 5. (University of Illinois at Chicago special collections). This sources was one of Ben Reitman's actually doctor's card that has his information on it. This did not provide much factual information that was not already mentioned, but it provided a great primary source to include in the documentary.

Ben Reitman scorns Crown as HoboKing. Owlcote January 1935. Folder 84. Box 5. (University of Illinois at Chicago special collections). This source is a cartoon that was created by someone by the same of Owlcote that is basically passing on the message the Reitman will provide and help the hobos. This cartoon was also featured in the documentary.

People's Meeting at The Brotherhood Welfare Association. Folder 271. Box 23. (The University of Illinois at Chicago special collections). This source was an informational advertisement/poster that talked about a meeting that the organization, Brotherhood Welfare Association, an organization that founded the hobo college, was going to have a meeting about the "hobo and is welfare" and was in honor of Ben Reitman. This source was also included in the documentary.

Secondary Sources

Books

Beck, Frank Orman. Hobohemia: Emma Goldman, Lucy Parsons, Ben Reitman & Other Agitators & Outsiders in 1920s/30s Chicago. Chicago: Charles H. Kerr, 2000. Print.
The book contributed to my research because it helps explain the story behind Reitman. There are quote that mentioned in the documentary from the author which is why I also used the cover of the book in the documentary

Box-Car, Bertha, and Ben L. Reitman. Boxcar Bertha: An Autobiography, as Told to Dr. Ben L. Reitman ; Introduction by Kathy Acker ; Afterword by Roger Bruns. New York: AMOK, 1988. Print.

This book provide background information on Ben Reitman and Emma Goldman. His information is beneficial because the fact that Reitman was associated with Emma Goldman helped him

attract the media which is one of the reasons why he was a perfect person for being the founder of the Hobo College

Bruns, Roger. *The Damndest Radical: The Life and World of Ben Reitman, Chicago's Celebrated Social Reformer, Hobo King, and Whorehouse Physician*. Urbana: University of Illinois, 1987. Print.

This source is helpful to me because it give me primary information on the college, background information on the college and background information on Reitman himself, which I am short on. This book also came with some key facts like the economy state at the era of the college. I also used this cover of the book in my documentary.

Bruns, Roger *Knights of the Road: A hobo History*. Illustrated ed. Methuen, 1980. Print.

This source was helpful to my background information because it have a general summarization of how the live of hobo were. The cover of the book was also used in the documentary when mentioning the authors.

Carpenter, Mecca Reitman. *No Regrets: Dr. Ben Reitman and the Women Who Loved Him : A Biographical Memoir*. Lexington [MA: SouthSide, 1999. Print.

This book provide background information on the social reformer and founder of the Chicago hobo college on things like what did he do, or how was his life before the hobo college.

DePastino, Todd. *Citizen Hobo: How a Century of Homelessness Shaped America*. Chicago: University of Chicago, 2003. Print.

This source is helps with analysis because it talk about hobo-ism and it development throughout a period of time so then I can infer why there a specific amount of hobo is the college throughout its activity. The book cover was also used in documentary

Depastino, Todd. 1st ed. Chicago: University Of Chicago, 2003. Print.

The book citizen hobos digs into the life of hobos and how they have created a new society which can help with analysis the hobo college had a such a great impact with homeless people.

Kusmer, Kenneth L. *Down & Out, on the Road: The Homeless in American History*. Oxford, New York: Oxford UP, 2002. Print.

This book benefited me with my research because to make a good analysis about Dr.Reitman's hobo college I needed to know what was the homeless rate during that time to help me answer questions like "was the college effective?" and "how big of an impact did the Hobo College make?"

Website

"The Nature of Homelessness- Historical Attitudes Towards the Homeless." 10 Jan. 2012. <The Nature of Homelessness - Historical Attitudes Toward the Homeless>.

This website provides information and what cause economic crisis' in the early 20th century which had an impact on homelessness.

"Hobo College." Encyclopedia of Chicago. Web. 20 Nov. 2011.

<<http://encyclopedia.chicagohistory.org/pages/589.html>>.

This provided basic information on the hobo college such as where it was located and when it was founded. The website also provided an image of the Hobo College during a class.

Moscato, Marc. "Street Roots: past Issues: 2006, July 14." Street Roots, Nonprofit Newspaper and Online Community in Portland, Oregon. Street Roots, 14 July 2006. Web. 18 Dec. 2011.

<http://www.streetroots.org/past_issues/2006/07_02/cover.shtml>.

This website is very helpful because it's an article by Marc Moscato, who talks about the whole story behind the hobo college. The article talks about its causes, long and short term, who was behind all of it, the outcomes, ect. The website also contains two photographs that were used in the documentary. One of the photographs was Dr. Reitman at the hobo banquet in 1907. The other photograph of Ben Reitman (left) Jonathan Eads How (Right) who helped bring the Hobo College into activity during the Great Depression.

"Provider of Homeless Programs | Inspiration Corporation." Provider of Homeless Programs.

Web. 29 Apr. 2012. <<http://www.inspirationcorp.org/>>.

This was the website for an organization known as Inspiration Corporation. This organization is somewhat like the hobo college. This a factor that can help relate the Hobo College to today's beneficial organizations. Through this website I got an image of the logo of this organization because I mentioned Inspiration Corporation in the documentary when relating to it the Hobo College to today

"Ben Lewis Reitman Papers An Inventory of the Collection at the University of Illinois at Chicago." University of Illinois at Chicago - UIC. UIC. Web. 18 Dec. 2011.

<<http://www.uic.edu/depts/lib/specialcoll/services/rjd/findingaids/BReitmanf.html>>.

This is a website to UIC's collection summary (special collections) on Ben Reitman and his accomplishments (including the hobos). This site will also help me find primary sources for my project at their special collections.

Lemke, Timothy. "The Working Class in the Early 1900s | EHow.com." EHow | How to Videos, Articles & More - Discover the Expert in You. | EHow.com. 10 Jan. 2012.
<http://www.ehow.com/info_8188972_working-class-early-1900s.html>. This source provided information on the economic status of the us during the time if the hobo college (early 20th century) to see the relationship between the college's progress and rate and cause of homeless.

"Reitman, Ben." Apache Cocoon: Welcome! Web. 1 Feb. 2012.
<<http://wyatt.elasticbeanstalk.com/mep/MS/xml/breitmab.html>>.
This source provided details on how Ben Reitman became a doctor even though he only had a fourth grade education (childhood also included).

"Ben Reitman - Chicago Tribune." Featured Articles From The Chicago Tribune. 30 Nov. 1986.
Web. 4 Feb. 2012.
<http://articles.chicagotribune.com/1986-11-30/entertainment/8603300919_1_ben-reitman-hoboes-streets>.
This is a source from the Chicago Tribune which provides specific information on Ben Reitman's life as a child

DiVecchio, Mark. 27 Aug. 2009. Web. 4 Dec. 2012.
<<http://www.silogic.com/peden/James%20Eads%20How.html>>.
This website provided two newspaper articles about James Eads How, the man who began the whole Hobo College project.

Videos

The More Things Stay The Same. Documentary by Marc Moscato. Patrick Weishampel.
February 2008. Chicago, Illinois. <http://vimeo.com/>. Online Video.